
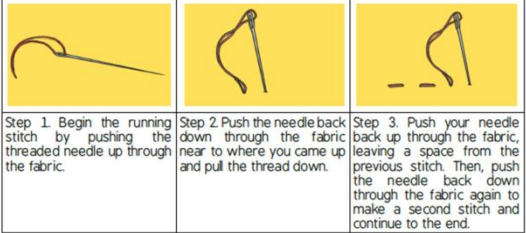


Spring Partnership Trust – Knowledge Organiser

DT Focus	Functioning Product	Year 1
Fabric Bunting Design Brief Design and make your own bunting that celebrates something of your choosing. It should be made out of fabric, be hand sewn and appeal to the person you are making it for.		

What? Key Skills		
Design	Make	Evaluate
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> To design, make and evaluate products that have a clear purpose or intended user. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> To make products, adapting and refining their design as their work progresses. To be able to use a range of tools safely and accurately. To shape textiles using templates. To join textiles using different joining techniques eg stapling, pinning, weaving, running stitch. To colour and decorate using a range of techniques. To demonstrate a range of cutting and shaping techniques, eg tearing, cutting, folding, etc. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> To explore and evaluate a range of existing products, identifying likes and dislikes and suggesting improvements.

Key Vocabulary	
Design Brief	a description of what a new project or product should do and what is needed to produce it
Design	a plan to show the look and function or workings of a product before it is made
Make	create something by putting parts together
Evaluate	to judge the quality of a product and how well it meets the design brief
Joining	connect things together
Folding	to bend something over on itself so that one parts covers another
Sewing	join or fasten something by making stiches using a needle and thread
Needle	a thin piece of plastic or metal with a point at one end and a hole or eye for thread at the other
Running Stitch	a simple stitch consisting of a line of small even stitches
Product	a thing that is the result of the design and making process
User	a person who uses something

Joining Skills
Joining Techniques 
Running Stitch  <p>Step 1. Begin the running stitch by pushing the threaded needle up through the fabric.</p> <p>Step 2. Push the needle back down through the fabric near to where you came up and pull the thread down.</p> <p>Step 3. Push your needle back up through the fabric, leaving a space from the previous stitch. Then, push the needle back down through the fabric again to make a second stitch and continue to the end.</p>

Pictures and Diagrams
